

**TL071, TL071A, TL071B, TL072**  
**TL072A, TL072B, TL074, TL074A, TL074B**  
**LOW-NOISE JFET-INPUT OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS**  
SLOS0801 – SEPTEMBER 1978 – REVISED APRIL 2004

- Low Power Consumption
- Wide Common-Mode and Differential Voltage Ranges
- Low Input Bias and Offset Currents
- Output Short-Circuit Protection
- Low Total Harmonic Distortion . . . 0.003% Typ
- Low Noise  
 $V_n = 18 \text{ nV}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$  Typ at  $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$
- High Input Impedance . . . JFET Input Stage
- Internal Frequency Compensation
- Latch-Up-Free Operation
- High Slew Rate . . . 13 V/ $\mu\text{s}$  Typ
- Common-Mode Input Voltage Range Includes  $V_{CC+}$

**description/ordering information**

The JFET-input operational amplifiers in the TL07x series are similar to the TL08x series, with low input bias and offset currents and fast slew rate. The low harmonic distortion and low noise make the TL07x series ideally suited for high-fidelity and audio preamplifier applications. Each amplifier features JFET inputs (for high input impedance) coupled with bipolar output stages integrated on a single monolithic chip.

The C-suffix devices are characterized for operation from 0°C to 70°C. The I-suffix devices are characterized for operation from -40°C to 85°C. The M-suffix devices are characterized for operation over the full military temperature range of -55°C to 125°C.

**description/ordering information (continued)**

**ORDERING INFORMATION**

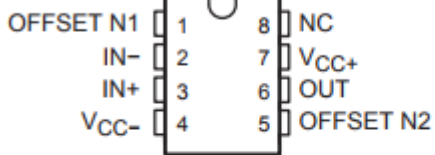
$T_A$	$V_{IOmax}$ AT 25°C	PACKAGE†	ORDERABLE PART NUMBER	TOP-SIDE MARKING	
0°C to 70°C	10 mV	PDIP (P)	Tube of 50	TL071CP	TL071CP
			Tube of 50	TL072CP	TL072CP
		PDIP (N)	Tube of 25	TL074CN	TL074CN
		SOIC (D)	Tube of 75	TL071CD	TL071C
			Reel of 2500	TL071CDR	
			Tube of 75	TL072CD	TL072C
			Reel of 2500	TL072CDR	
			Tube of 50	TL074CD	TL074C
			Reel of 2500	TL074CDR	
		SOP (NS)	Reel of 2000	TL074CNSR	TL074
		SOP (PS)	Reel of 2000	TL071CPSR	TL071
			Reel of 2000	TL072CPSR	T072
		TSSOP (PW)	Reel of 2000	TL072CPWR	T072
			Tube of 90	TL074CPW	T074
		Reel of 2000	TL074CPWR		
	6 mV	PDIP (P)	Tube of 50	TL071ACP	TL071ACP
			Tube of 50	TL072CP	TL072CP
		PDIP (N)	Tube of 25	TL074ACN	TL074ACN
		SOIC (D)	Tube of 75	TL071ACD	071AC
			Reel of 2500	TL071ACDR	
			Tube of 75	TL072ACD	072AC
			Reel of 2500	TL072ACDR	
			Tube of 50	TL074ACD	TL074AC
		Reel of 2500	TL074ACDR		
		SOP (PS)	Reel of 2000	TL072ACPSR	T072A
		SOP (NS)	Reel of 2000	TL074ACNSR	TL074A
		3 mV	PDIP (P)	Tube of 50	TL071BCP
	Tube of 50			TL072BCP	TL072BCP
	PDIP (N)		Tube of 25	TL074BCN	TL074BCN
	SOIC (D)		Tube of 75	TL071BCD	071BC
			Reel of 2500	TL071BCDR	
			Tube of 75	TL072BCD	072BC
			Reel of 2500	TL072BCDR	
Tube of 50			TL074BCD	TL074BC	
Reel of 2500	TL074BCDR				
SOP (NS)	Reel of 2000		TL074BCNSR	TL074B	

**ORDERING INFORMATION**

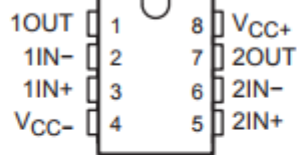
$T_A$	$V_{IOmax}$ AT 25°C	PACKAGE†	ORDERABLE PART NUMBER	TOP-SIDE MARKING	
-40°C to 85°C	6 mV	PDIP (P)	Tube of 50	TL0711P	TL0711P
			Tube of 50	TL0721P	TL0721P
		PDIP (N)	Tube of 25	TL0741N	TL0741N
		SOIC (D)	Tube of 75	TL0711D	TL0711
			Reel of 2500	TL0711DR	
			Tube of 75	TL0721D	TL0721
			Reel of 2500	TL0721DR	
			Tube of 50	TL0741D	TL0741
Reel of 2500	TL0741DR				
-55°C to 125°C	6 mV	CDIP (JG)	Tube of 50	TL072MJGB	TL072MJGB
		CFP (U)	Tube of 150	TL072MUB	TL072MUB
		LCCC (FK)	Tube of 55	TL072MFKB	TL072MFKB
	9 mV	CDIP (J)	Tube of 25	TL074MJB	TL074MJB
		CFP (W)	Tube of 25	TL074MWB	TL074MWB
		LCCC (FK)	Tube of 55	TL074MFKB	TL074MFKB

† Package drawings, standard packing quantities, thermal data, symbolization, and PCB design guidelines are available at [www.ti.com/sc/package](http://www.ti.com/sc/package).

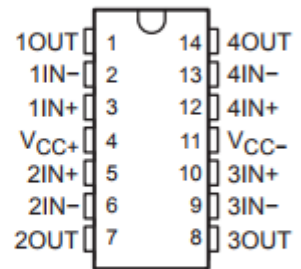
**TL071, TL071A, TL071B**  
D, P, OR PS PACKAGE  
(TOP VIEW)



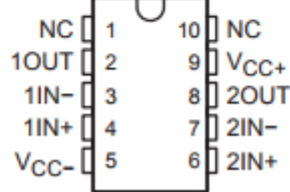
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D, JG, P, PS, OR PW PACKAGE  
(TOP VIEW)



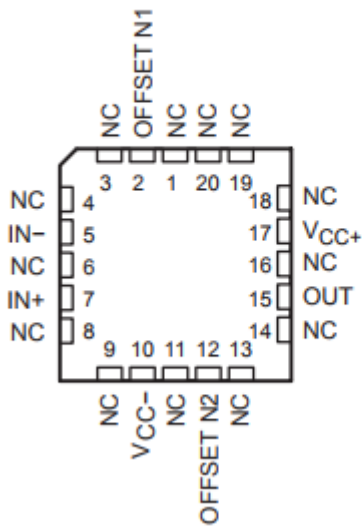
**TL074A, TL074B**  
D, J, N, NS, OR PW PACKAGE  
TL074... D, J, N, NS, PW,  
OR W PACKAGE  
(TOP VIEW)



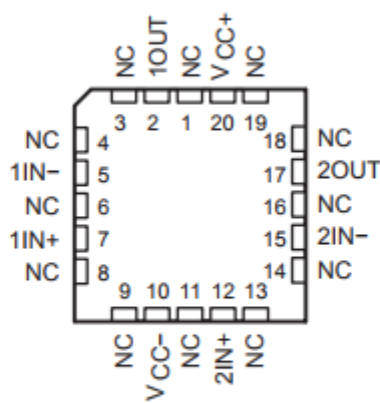
**TL072**  
U PACKAGE  
(TOP VIEW)



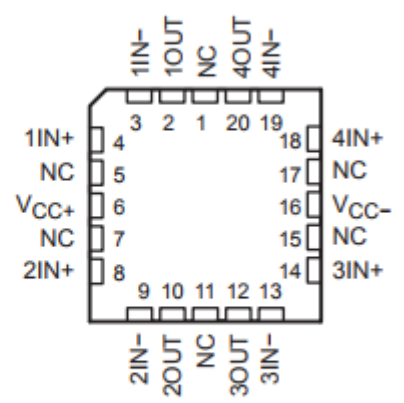
**TL071**  
FK PACKAGE  
(TOP VIEW)



**TL072**  
FK PACKAGE  
(TOP VIEW)

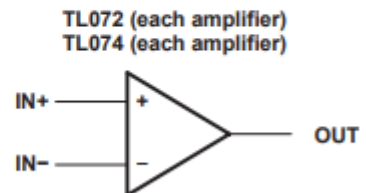
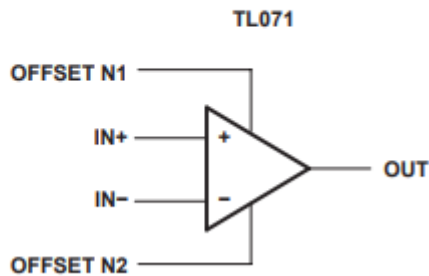


**TL074**  
FK PACKAGE  
(TOP VIEW)

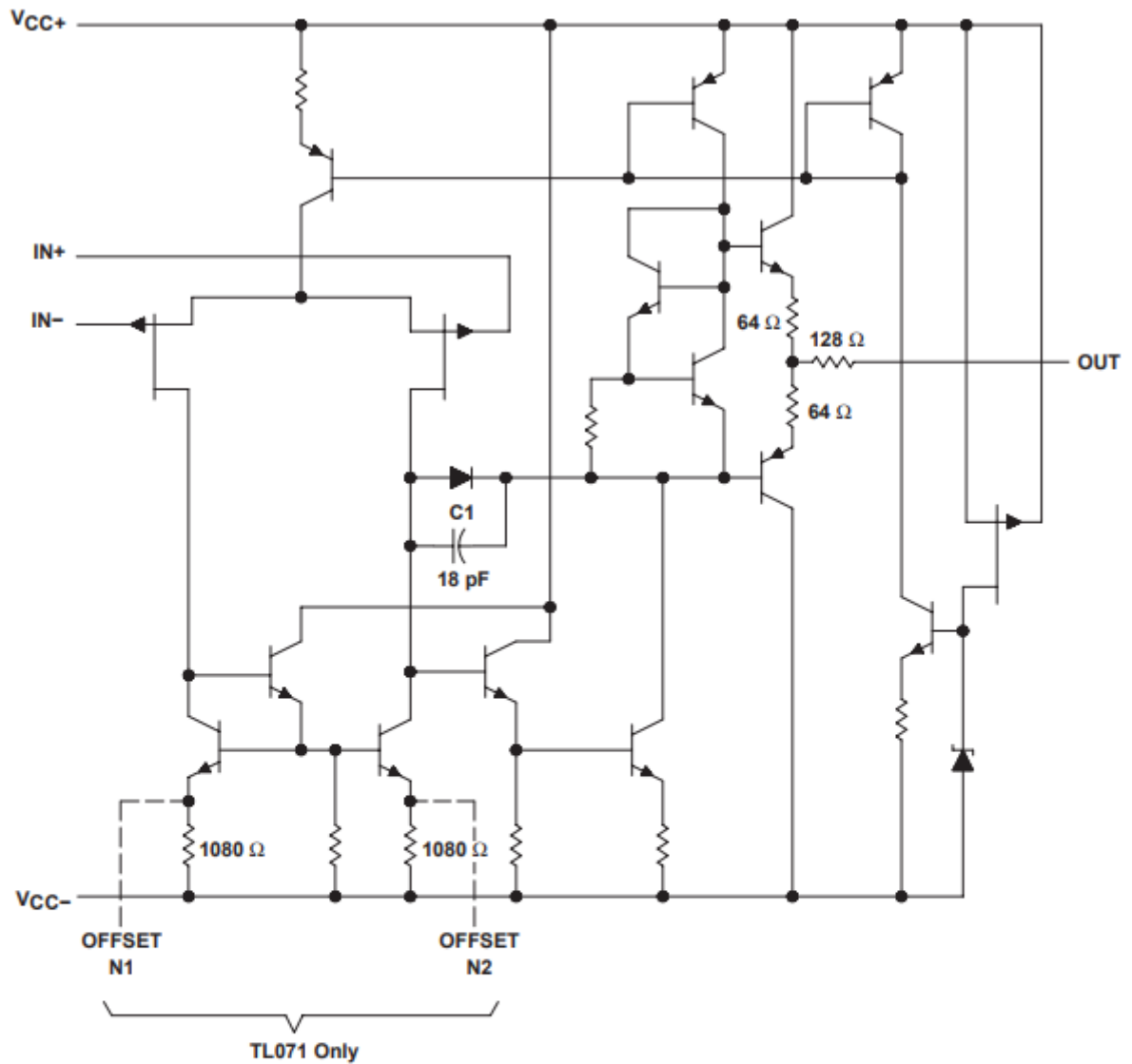


NC - No internal connection

**symbols**



schematic (each amplifier)



All component values shown are nominal.

COMPONENT COUNT†			
COMPONENT TYPE	TL071	TL072	TL074
Resistors	11	22	44
Transistors	14	28	56
JFET	2	4	6
Diodes	1	2	4
Capacitors	1	2	4
epi-FET	1	2	4

† Includes bias and trim circuitry

**absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)†**

Supply voltage (see Note 1): $V_{CC+}$ .....	18 V
$V_{CC-}$ .....	-18 V
Differential input voltage, $V_{ID}$ (see Note 2) .....	$\pm 30$ V
Input voltage, $V_I$ (see Notes 1 and 3) .....	$\pm 15$ V
Duration of output short circuit (see Note 4) .....	Unlimited
Package thermal impedance, $\theta_{JA}$ (see Notes 5 and 6): D package (8 pin) .....	97°C/W
D package (14 pin) .....	86°C/W
N package .....	80°C/W
NS package .....	76°C/W
P package .....	85°C/W
PS package .....	95°C/W
PW package (8 pin) .....	149°C/W
PW package (14 pin) .....	113°C/W
U package .....	185°C/W
Package thermal impedance, $\theta_{JC}$ (see Notes 7 and 8): FK package .....	5.61°C/W
J package .....	15.05°C/W
JG package .....	14.5°C/W
W package .....	14.65°C/W
Operating virtual junction temperature, $T_J$ .....	150°C
Case temperature for 60 seconds: FK package .....	260°C
Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 10 seconds: J, JG, or W package .....	300°C
Storage temperature range, $T_{stg}$ .....	-65°C to 150°C

† Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

- NOTES:
1. All voltage values, except differential voltages, are with respect to the midpoint between  $V_{CC+}$  and  $V_{CC-}$ .
  2. Differential voltages are at IN+, with respect to IN-.
  3. The magnitude of the input voltage must never exceed the magnitude of the supply voltage or 15 V, whichever is less.
  4. The output may be shorted to ground or to either supply. Temperature and/or supply voltages must be limited to ensure that the dissipation rating is not exceeded.
  5. Maximum power dissipation is a function of  $T_J(\max)$ ,  $\theta_{JA}$ , and  $T_A$ . The maximum allowable power dissipation at any allowable ambient temperature is  $P_D = (T_J(\max) - T_A)/\theta_{JA}$ . Operating at the absolute maximum  $T_J$  of 150°C can affect reliability.
  6. The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51-7.
  7. Maximum power dissipation is a function of  $T_J(\max)$ ,  $\theta_{JC}$ , and  $T_C$ . The maximum allowable power dissipation at any allowable case temperature is  $P_D = (T_J(\max) - T_C)/\theta_{JC}$ . Operating at the absolute maximum  $T_J$  of 150°C can affect reliability.
  8. The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with MIL-STD-883.

**operating characteristics,  $V_{CC\pm} = \pm 15$  V,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$**

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	TL07xM			ALL OTHERS			UNIT
		MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
SR	Slew rate at unity gain $V_I = 10$ V, $C_L = 100$ pF, $R_L = 2$ k $\Omega$ , See Figure 1	5	13		8	13		V/ $\mu$ s
$t_r$	Rise-time overshoot factor $V_I = 20$ mV, $C_L = 100$ pF, $R_L = 2$ k $\Omega$ , See Figure 1		0.1			0.1		$\mu$ s
$V_n$	Equivalent input noise voltage $R_S = 20$ $\Omega$	$f = 1$ kHz		18		18		nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
		$f = 10$ Hz to 10 kHz		4		4		$\mu$ V
$I_n$	Equivalent input noise current $R_S = 20$ $\Omega$ , $f = 1$ kHz		0.01			0.01		pA/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
THD	Total harmonic distortion $V_{I\text{rms}} = 6$ V, $R_L \geq 2$ k $\Omega$ , $f = 1$ kHz		0.003	%		0.003%		



electrical characteristics,  $V_{CC\pm} = \pm 15\text{ V}$  (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS†	TA‡	TL071C			TL071AC			TL071BC			TL071C			UNIT
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
$V_{IO}$	$V_O = 0$ , $R_S = 50\ \Omega$	25°C	3	10	3	6	3	6	2	3	3	6	6	mV	
		Full range		13		7.5		5		5		8			
$\alpha_{V_{IO}}$	$V_O = 0$ , $R_S = 50\ \Omega$	Full range	18		18			18			18		$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$		
$I_{IO}$	$V_O = 0$	25°C	5	100	5	100	5	100	5	100	5	100	pA		
		Full range		10		2		2		2		2	nA		
$I_{IB}$	$V_O = 0$	25°C	65	200	65	200	65	200	65	200	65	200	pA		
		Full range		7		7		7		7		20	nA		
$V_{IQR}$	Common-mode input voltage range	25°C	-12 to 15		-12 to 15		-12 to 15		-12 to 15		-12 to 15		V		
$V_{OM}$	Maximum peak output voltage swing	25°C	$\pm 12$		$\pm 12$		$\pm 12$		$\pm 12$		$\pm 12$		V		
		Full range													
$A_{VD}$	Large-signal differential voltage amplification	25°C	25	200	25	200	25	200	25	200	25	200	V/mV		
		Full range	15		15		25		25		25				
$B_1$	Unity-gain bandwidth	25°C	3		3		3		3		3		MHz		
$f_1$	Input resistance	25°C	10 <sup>12</sup>		10 <sup>12</sup>		10 <sup>12</sup>		10 <sup>12</sup>		10 <sup>12</sup>		$\Omega$		
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	25°C	70	100	75	100	75	100	75	100	75	100	dB		
kSVR	Supply-voltage rejection ratio ( $\Delta V_{CC\pm}/\Delta V_{IO}$ )	25°C	70	100	80	100	80	100	80	100	80	100	dB		
$I_{CC}$	Supply current (each amplifier)	25°C	1.4	2.5	1.4	2.5	1.4	2.5	1.4	2.5	1.4	2.5	mA		
$V_{O1}/V_{O2}$	Crosstalk attenuation	25°C	120		120		120		120		120		dB		

† All characteristics are measured under open-loop conditions with zero common-mode voltage, unless otherwise specified.

‡ Full range is  $T_A = 0^\circ\text{C}$  to  $70^\circ\text{C}$  for TL07\_C, TL07\_AC, TL07\_BC and is  $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $85^\circ\text{C}$  for TL07\_I.

§ Input bias currents of an FET-input operational amplifier are normal junction reverse currents, which are temperature sensitive, as shown in Figure 4. Pulse techniques must be used that maintain the junction temperature as close to the ambient temperature as possible.

electrical characteristics,  $V_{CC\pm} = \pm 15\text{ V}$  (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS†	$T_A$ ‡	TL071M TL072M			TL074M			UNIT
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
$V_{IO}$	Input offset voltage	$V_O = 0, R_S = 50\ \Omega$	25°C	3	6	3	9	mV	
			Full range	9			15		
$\alpha_{V_{IO}}$	Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage	$V_O = 0, R_S = 50\ \Omega$	Full range	18		18		$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$	
$I_{IO}$	Input offset current	$V_O = 0$	25°C	5	100	5	100	pA	
			Full range	20		20		nA	
$I_{IB}$	Input bias current‡	$V_O = 0$	25°C	65	200	65	200	pA	
			Full range	50		50		nA	
$V_{ICR}$	Common-mode input voltage range		25°C	$\pm 11$	-12 to 15	$\pm 11$	-12 to 15	V	
$V_{OM}$	Maximum peak output voltage swing	$R_L = 10\ \text{k}\Omega$	25°C	$\pm 12$	$\pm 13.5$	$\pm 12$	$\pm 13.5$	V	
		$R_L \geq 10\ \text{k}\Omega$	Full range	$\pm 12$		$\pm 12$			
		$R_L \geq 2\ \text{k}\Omega$		$\pm 10$		$\pm 10$			
$A_{VD}$	Large-signal differential voltage amplification	$V_O = \pm 10\ \text{V}, R_L \geq 2\ \text{k}\Omega$	25°C	35	200	35	200	V/mV	
			Full range	15		15			
$B_1$	Unity-gain bandwidth	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		3		3		MHz	
$r_i$	Input resistance	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		1012		1012		$\Omega$	
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	$V_{IC} = V_{ICRmin}, V_O = 0, R_S = 50\ \Omega$	25°C	80	86	80	86	dB	
$k_{SVR}$	Supply-voltage rejection ratio ( $\Delta V_{CC\pm}/\Delta V_{IO}$ )	$V_{CC} = \pm 9\ \text{V to } \pm 15\ \text{V}, V_O = 0, R_S = 50\ \Omega$	25°C	80	86	80	86	dB	
$I_{CC}$	Supply current (each amplifier)	$V_O = 0, \text{No load}$	25°C	1.4	2.5	1.4	2.5	mA	
$V_{O1}/V_{O2}$	Crosstalk attenuation	$A_{VD} = 100$	25°C	120		120		dB	

† Input bias currents of an FET-input operational amplifier are normal junction reverse currents, which are temperature sensitive, as shown in Figure 4. Pulse techniques must be used that will maintain the junction temperature as close to the ambient temperature as possible.

‡ All characteristics are measured under open-loop conditions with zero common-mode voltage, unless otherwise specified. Full range is  $T_A = -55^\circ\text{C to } 125^\circ\text{C}$ .

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

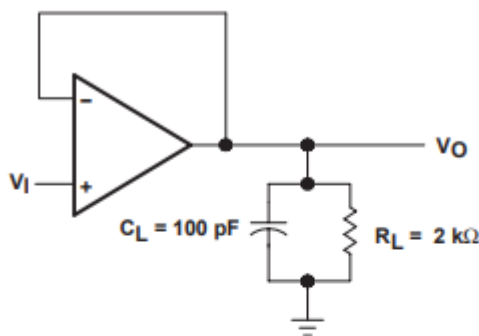


Figure 1. Unity-Gain Amplifier

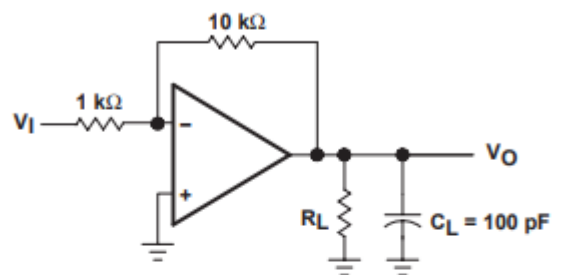


Figure 2. Gain-of-10 Inverting Amplifier

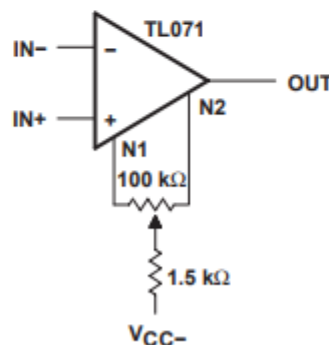


Figure 3. Input Offset-Voltage Null Circuit

## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

### Table of Graphs

		FIGURE
$I_{IB}$	Input bias current	vs Free-air temperature 4
$V_{OM}$	Maximum output voltage	vs Frequency 5, 6, 7
		vs Free-air temperature 8
		vs Load resistance 9
		vs Supply voltage 10
$A_{VD}$	Large-signal differential voltage amplification	vs Free-air temperature 11
		vs Frequency 12
	Phase shift	vs Frequency 12
	Normalized unity-gain bandwidth	vs Free-air temperature 13
	Normalized phase shift	vs Free-air temperature 13
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	vs Free-air temperature 14
$I_{CC}$	Supply current	vs Supply voltage 15
		vs Free-air temperature 16
$P_D$	Total power dissipation	vs Free-air temperature 17
		Normalized slew rate
$V_n$	Equivalent input noise voltage	vs Frequency 19
THD	Total harmonic distortion	vs Frequency 20
		Large-signal pulse response
$V_O$	Output voltage	vs Elapsed time 22

## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS†

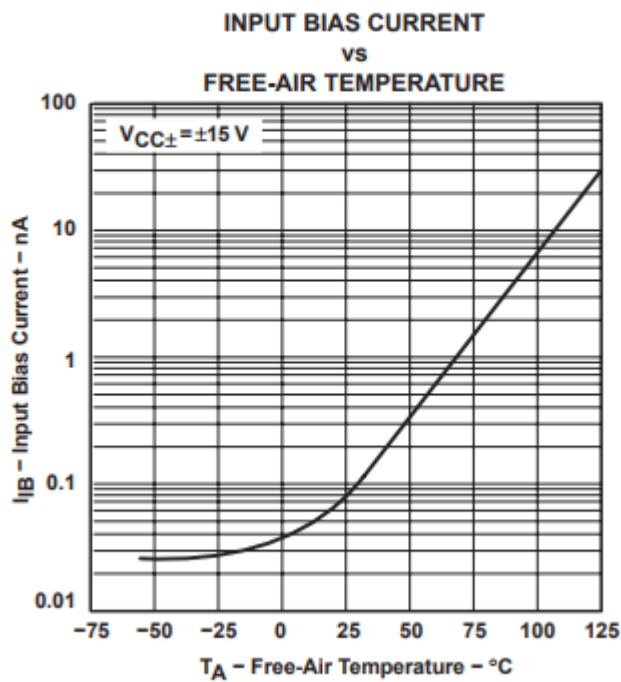


Figure 4

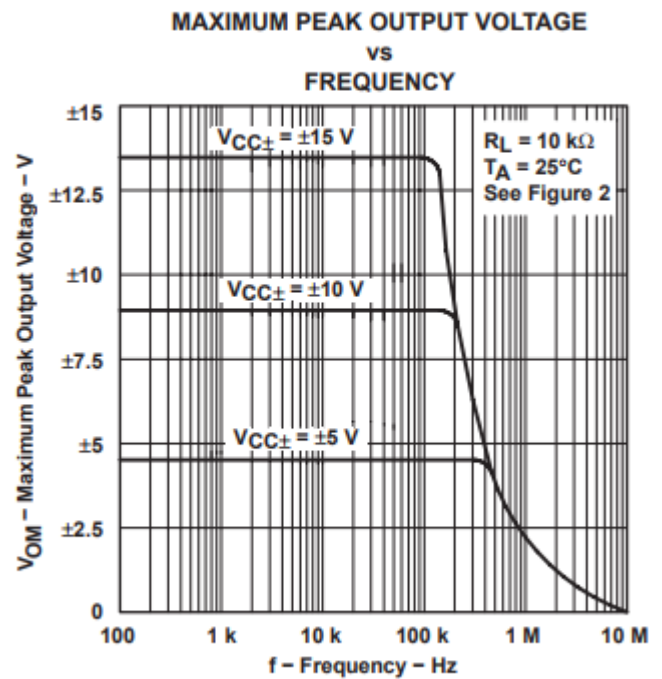
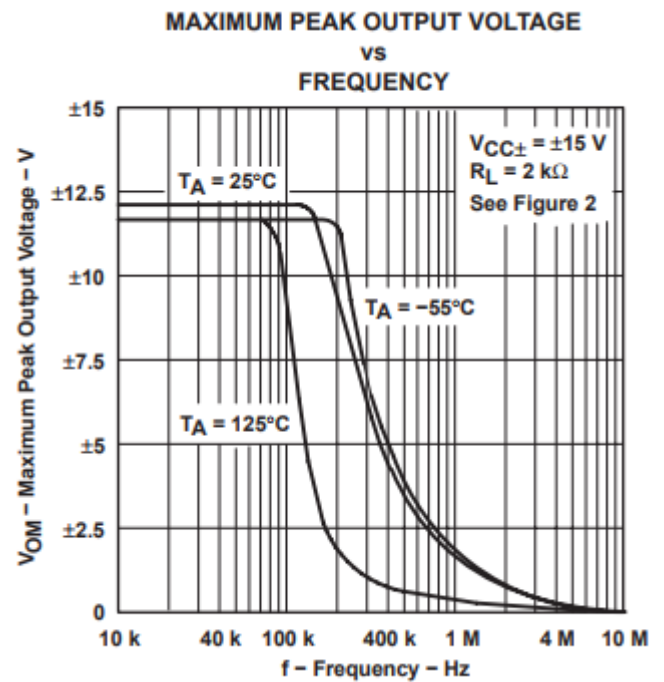
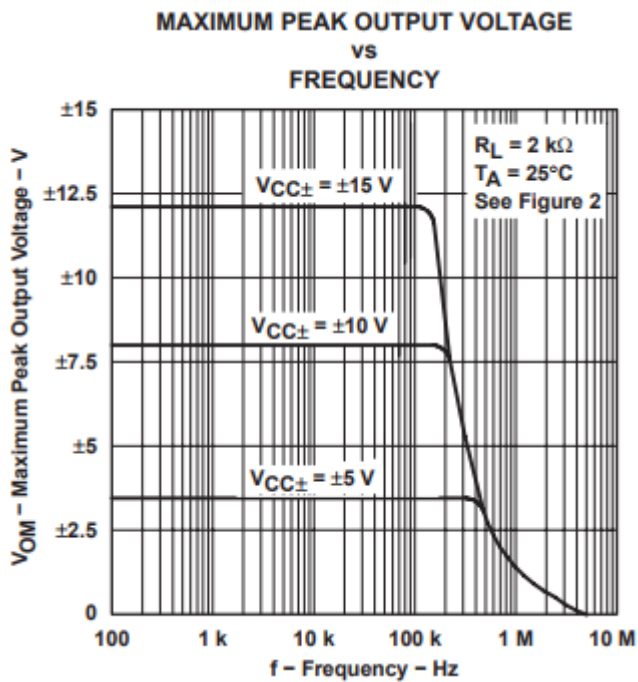


Figure 5





**TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS†**

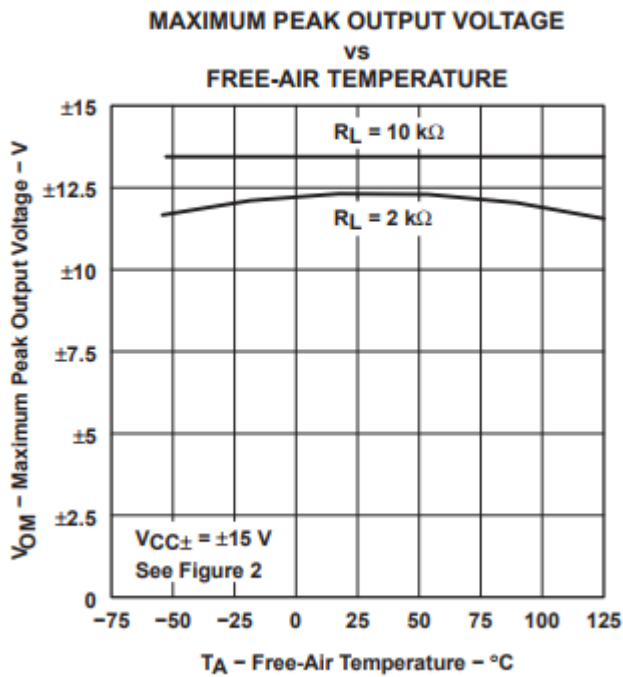


Figure 8

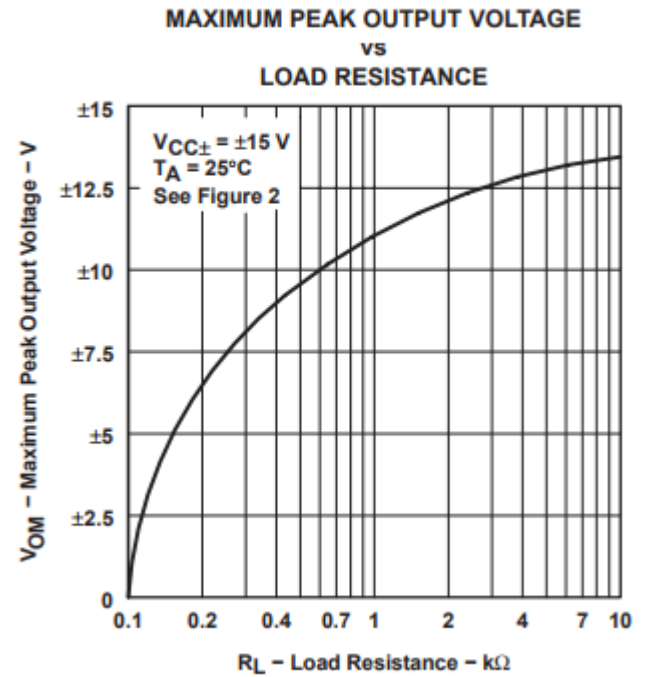


Figure 9

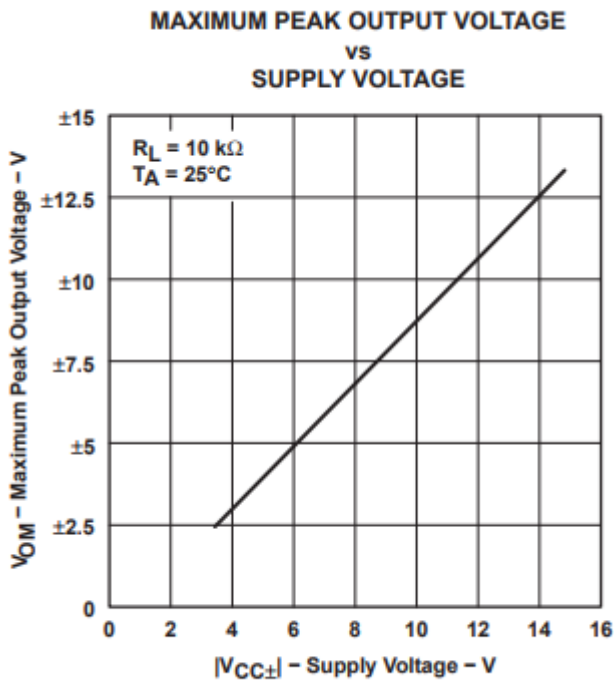


Figure 10

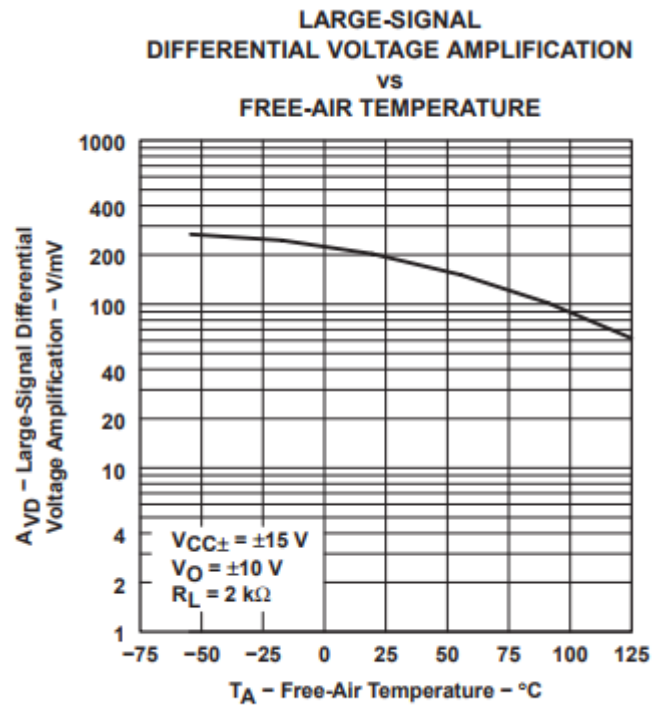


Figure 11

**TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS†**

**LARGE-SIGNAL  
DIFFERENTIAL VOLTAGE AMPLIFICATION  
AND PHASE SHIFT  
vs  
FREQUENCY**

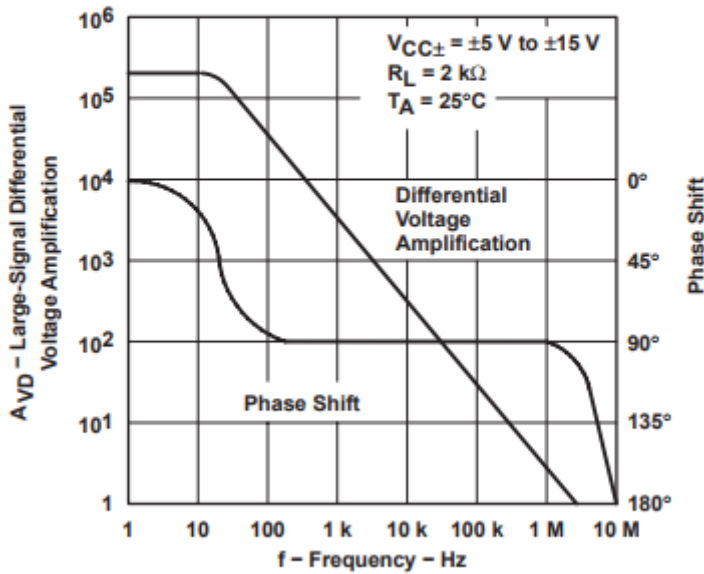


Figure 12

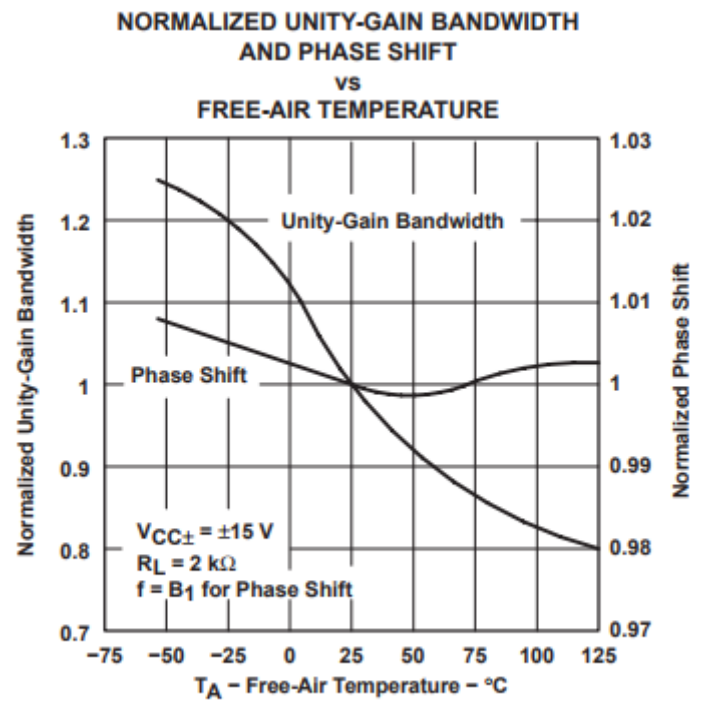


Figure 13

# TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS†

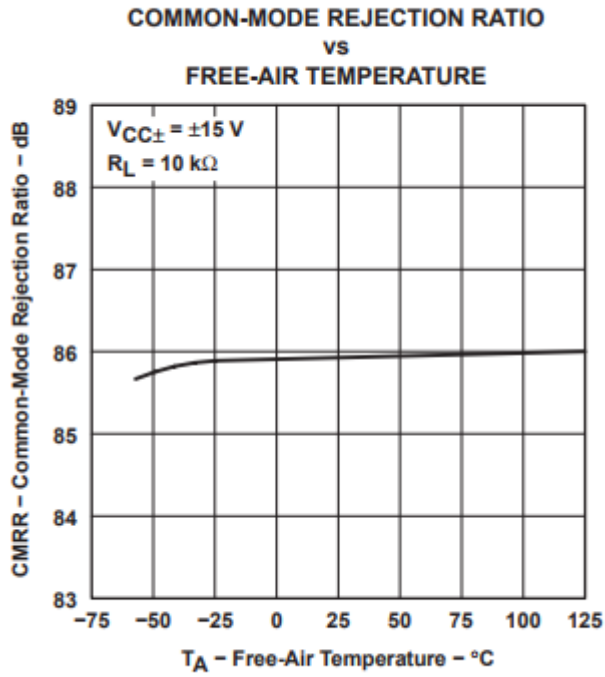


Figure 14

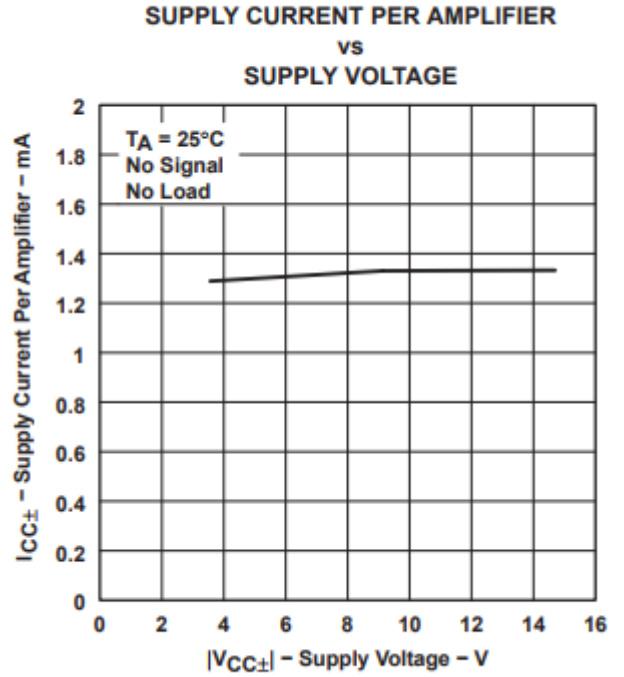


Figure 15

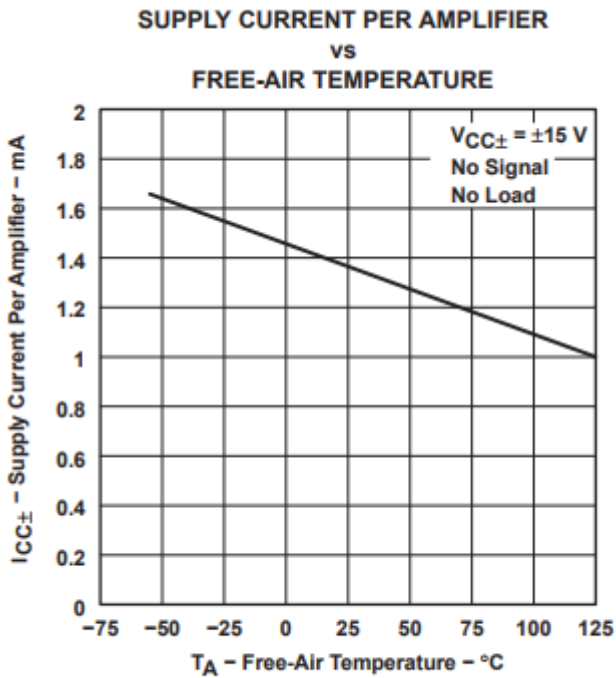


Figure 16

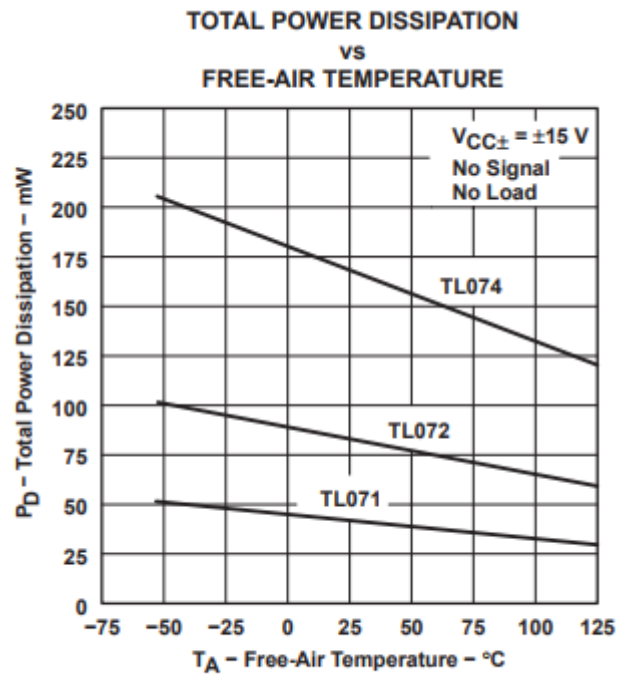


Figure 17

# TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

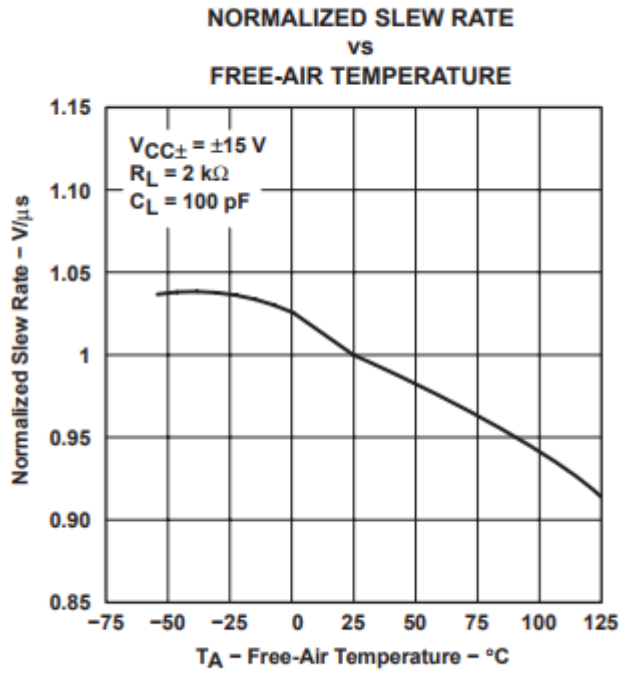


Figure 18

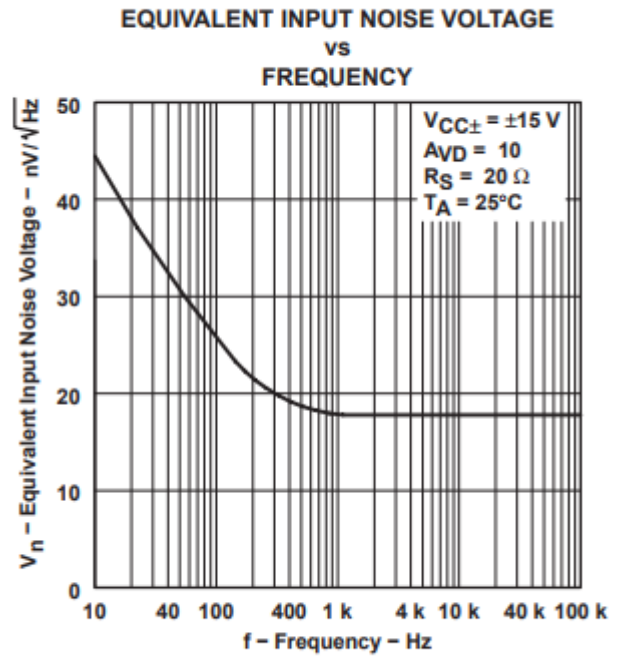


Figure 19

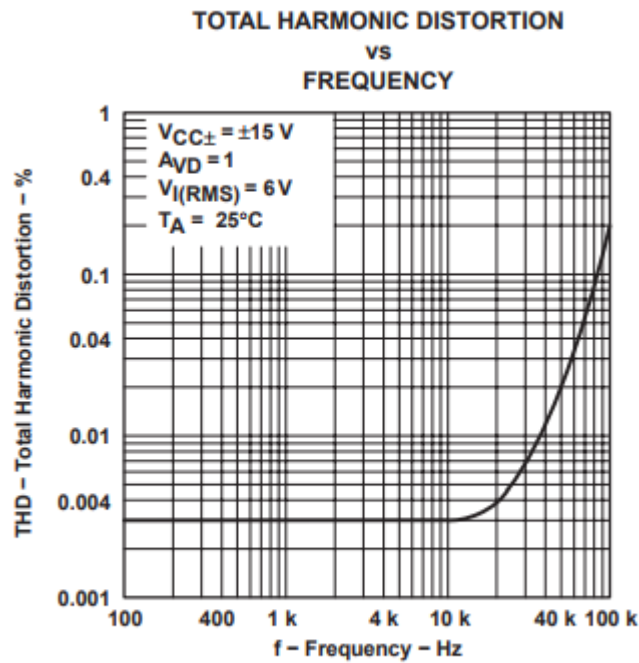


Figure 20

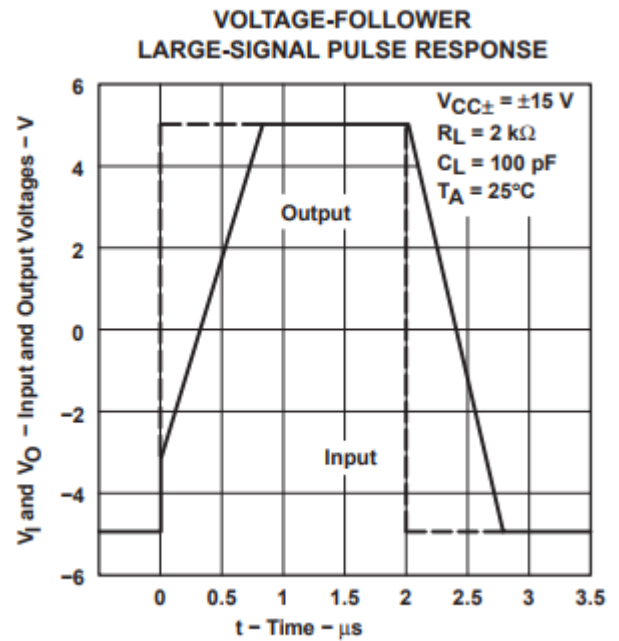


Figure 21

## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

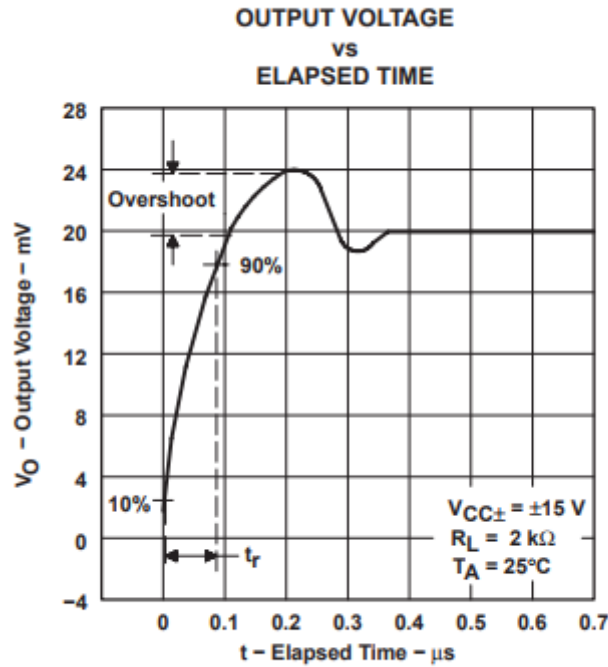


Figure 22

## APPLICATION INFORMATION

Table of Application Diagrams

APPLICATION DIAGRAM	PART NUMBER	FIGURE
0.5-Hz square-wave oscillator	TL071	23
High-Q notch filter	TL071	24
Audio-distribution amplifier	TL074	25
100-kHz quadrature oscillator	TL072	26
AC amplifier	TL071	27

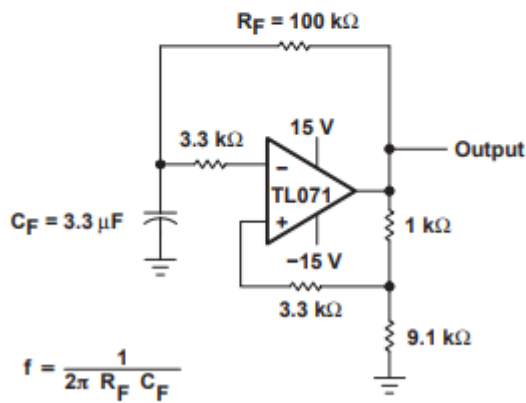


Figure 23. 0.5-Hz Square-Wave Oscillator

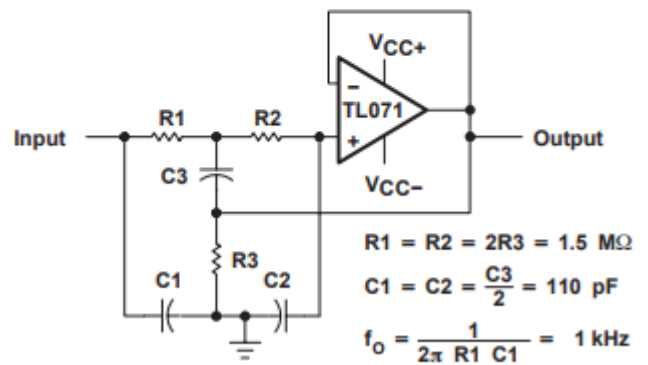


Figure 24. High-Q Notch Filter



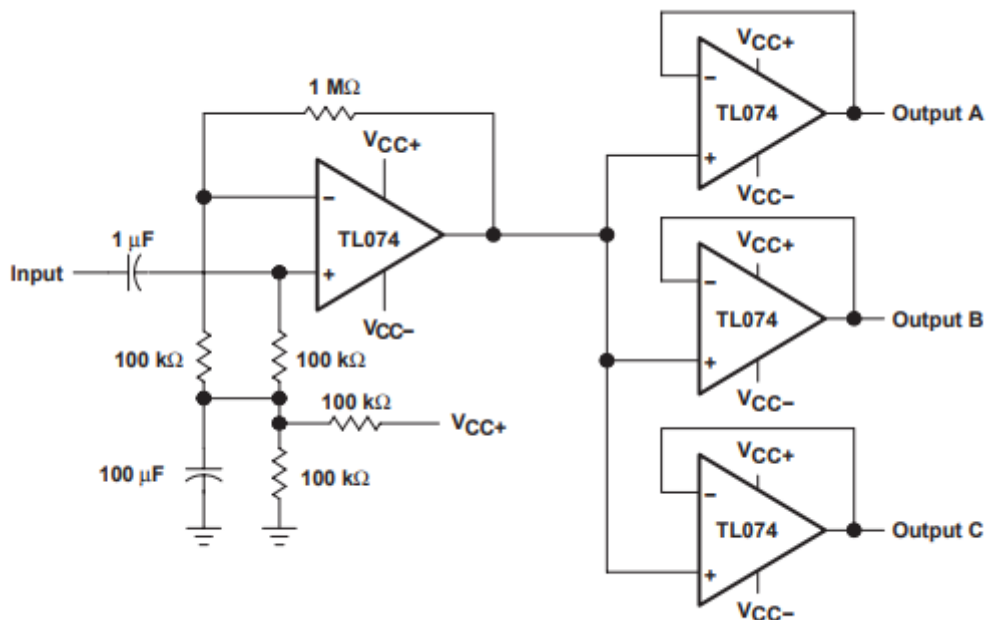
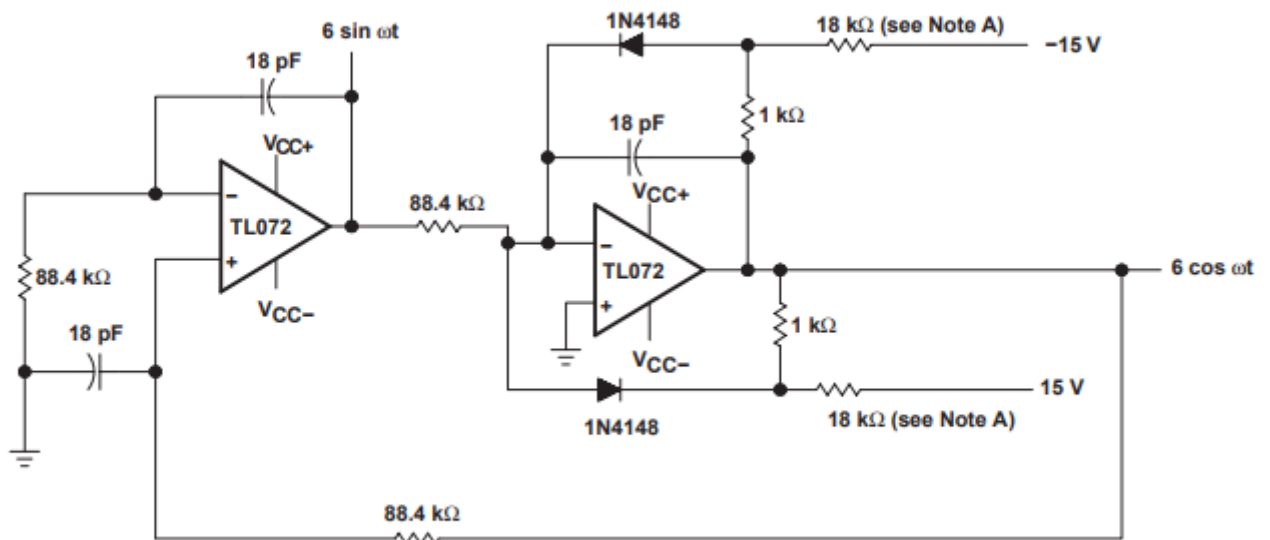


Figure 25. Audio-Distribution Amplifier

### APPLICATION INFORMATION



NOTE A: These resistor values may be adjusted for a symmetrical output.

Figure 26. 100-kHz Quadrature Oscillator

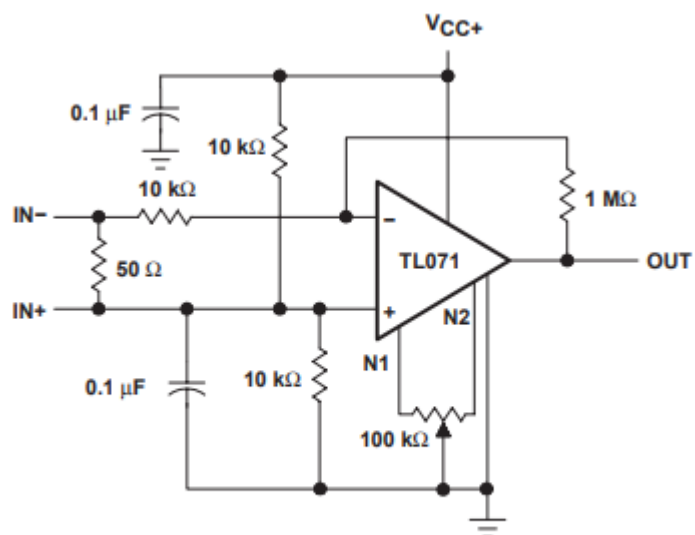


Figure 27. AC Amplifier